Abbreviated version of Commencement address delivered by Denise Levertov - 1969

(Note: For reasons of space it was impossible to include that part of Miss Hever-tov's speech which referred to a recent poem, Relearning the Alphabet, or the poem itself; will however, be appearing in her next volume, due to be published in the spring of 1970.)

... it is possible that this is the first occasion, here or anywhere else, that a college graduation address has been given by someone who never went to school at all: not to kindergarten, not to grade school and not to college.

It is this circumstance that suggested to me what I would like to say to you.

Never having gone to school used at one time to seem to me perhaps to have been a disadvantager. Axxxxxxx I certainly enjoyed not going at the time!-But when I was around 30 - before I had become a college teacher yself - I used to imagine the brilliant lectures and the disciplined courses of ward study in philosophy and history and classics which I might have enjoyed if I had led a different life. Even after I first began to teach, a few years ago, I had for a white the feeling that being a student was a more attractive way of spending the years from 18 to 22 or so than the way I spent them; working at odd jobs - landgirl, nurse, bookstor clerk, etc. - and readining, writing, and going to useums in an entirely haphazard fashion. Even now I think student life in unusual colleges like Bennington, or Immaculate Heart in L.A. (made famous by the former SisterCorita ) and a fewothers may be preferable... But as I - rather slowly, because I was naive about it began to realize some of the things students at most colleges and universities are up against, and have been up against from the time they were elementary-school kids: the systematic stifling of curiosity, the enforced study of material either uninteresting or seeming uninteresting because enforced, and the pressures of competition for grades, and of excessive amounts of reading, and of formal papers to be written, and of exams - then I began also to understand the tremendous advantages of my informal education.

Soon after I received the invitation to speak here on this occasion, I had a letter from a former student of mine who said that what she had most enjoyed about our poetry classim was that I was 'a serendipitous woman'. I can't tell you how much that pleased me. Serendipity, as you probably know, is defined as 'the faculty of making desireable but unsought-for discoveries by accident'.

the freedom in which imagination can grow. But curiously, there is less general acceptance of the meed for student selfdetermination, and less understanding of what it means, than there is at present of what young children need. Many of the same women who read the supermarket magazines, in which quite liberal and humane concepts of childrearing have become common, and knikk who have long since taken or Spock for granted, do not seem to understand their grown children's need to create curricula and conditions create survey was relevant to their lives.

I'm not going to spell out the goals of the student movement for self-letermination, nor its essential connection with thenew levels of awareness many people of your generation have trained concerning racisim and the economics of a corrupt society, and concerning the misuse of educational facilities, not only obviously, by making the universities into war research factories, but more subtly by the channeling of people into the service of that system. I amnot going so spell it out because I assume that atBennington you have fad the freedom to 'ind out for yourselves what is going on in your world.

But there is a related detail I would like tokerement mention: this is the fact hat at many major universities undergraduates have access to library stacks. Incomparson to many of the gross injustices and unfreedoms of our times, this is adetail; ut it is important bacuse it seriously affects the students' range of discovery, nd thus the stimulation and growth of their imagination. How can professors and dministrators who pretend to know something about education be so stupid as to hink an education worth the name can take place when students have no chance to rowse, no chance to ake discoveries, to find on a shelf near the book you came o look for another book that seems to have been waiting for you all its life, the ook destined, by appearing just then, to change your life for ever? Imagine an ducation in which all the reading was 'required reading', or in which the only way o explore your college library was by browsing through the catalogue, and filling

t cards for those books whose titles intrigued you? Catalogues are not stimulatg, and the hassle is discouraging. You wait, you wait, and finally they come and
ll you the book is out anyway. The glorious leaps and bounds of serendipity, from
elf to shelf, from book to book, writer to writer, can't take place under that
striction. Some of you will be going to graduate school, some of you will work
the field of education, or marry peopale in that field:ppleage do something
out this problem, among all the other problems.

It is certainly by serendipity that I have lived as a peet. The kind of etry I write, which I have called a poetry of organic or exploratory form as stinct from a poetry of predetermined metrics and from free verse, is a poetry which one line, one image, leads to the discovery of the next, the form of each ne and image being revealed to the writer by way of an intense zerem attention 'content', but each line, as it comes into being - into substance of sound - coming likewise a part of that content; so that the total form arrived at is inscape, an accretion of organically related parts revealed to the intelligence rough a serendipitous serm openness rather than by the operations of the will.

... What serendipity means ix goes beyon! the dictionary definition: it plies living by intuition rather than by will. ... The intuition does not make plans tit sees where it is, What flowers and stones are at its feet.

Someone will say, 'But isn't the ecological mess we're in, or the chitectural aspect of our urban mess, for instance, the result precisely of planning?' I think the answer is no, these messes are due rather to the mean, crowm shortsightedly methodical planning of greedy and wilful men attempting to ploit the earth and exploit other men. They are 'out of Tao'. The paranoia that its itself 'defense' and leads to war is another kind of wilfulness, of elaborate unning that makes its moves in a deadly chess game - always trying to outwit, to be But when one is in a serendipitous state of grace, he is freely open to scover not only the inscape of particular experiences (or particular poems, if he but the inscape and the his out life: a poet), and then there is no need for him to score, and paranoia does not relop. If this is true for individuals, there is no reason why it should not we equally true for groups.

A serendipitous lifex must, from my observation, be particularly hard lead in graduate schools. Lots of young men have to go to graduate school ause they have not been able to decide on any other way to beat the Draft. For

irls, grad.school often seems more gratuitous, though there are of course ofessions for which it is genuinely necessary and may even be interesting. wever, to any young woman who is going to graduatate school in <a href="English">English</a> mainly ecause she enjoys reading and perhaps writes too, I'd say, Don't do it. Or if u dad do do it, and find it as deadly - as destructive to your experience of litature, and to your own work, as I'm warning you it can be - then have the cource to drop out; don't stay in school just because you planned to, willed to go, ogrammed yourself to get those degrees: don't stay to save face.

But though grad.school is a hard place in which to attain to a harmonious ituitiveness, an ideally serendipitous life would truly be a life of continuing we ucation. If you look up the origins of the word education you will find it comes om 'to lead out' - and one 'desireable but unsought-for discovery' leads always and out (or in) to another; so that if one could excercise the faculty continuisly one would fulfil EMForster's famous injunction, 'Only connect!' In that cate...all that one hears and sees and stumbles across reveals its relatedness, that, in fact, the experience artists know in their work-processes extends itself ito other aspects of life. It's a drugless high, to put it another way. And it's a scessible to anyone if - and only if - 1 by live in a free environment.

EXEMPTERE .... It happens that I have prepared this talk in rather peculiar roumstances. The greater part of what I have just said was written during the attle of Berkeley. For day, while I was would come in from the streets or the ampus to write down a sentence and leave again, police helicopters were constantly soming overhead. One woke to that sound in the mornings. My first page and been rafted just before attack to egan - at a point when I had been working with some of students int the original People's Park, which was such a beautiful, spontaneous appreciation of the impulse to be joyful even in the dark times, and to share nat joy; of people's determination not to wait for someone else to begin but to be generously here and now. Before I had reached the second or third page, the notorious fence had gone up around our park, and we had experienced the terror improved marshall law, of clubs and of teargas - teargas dropped from helicopters - of sheathed bayonets an inch from our bellies or throats, and of guns fired in the preets of Berkeley at an unarmed crowd of people like you and me.

Many of my students and Myxhyzhands my husband's students soon experienced lso the grotesque barbarity of the Santa Rita prison. Last summer many poeple felt nat police brutality in this country had reached an alltime low during the Democratic Convention in Chicago (though black people, in the south and in the northern nettos, knew that this was nothing new - it was only the white middleclass targets in the south and the country had reached an alltime low during the Democratic testing the south and in the northern nettos, knew that this was nothing new - it was only the white middleclass targets and the south that the country had reached an alltime low during the Democratic testing the south and in the northern nettos, knew that this was nothing new - it was only the white middleclass targets

hat were new). At Berkeley in May of 1969 that brutality escalated - and I think have to face the likelihood, even the certainty, alas, that there will be rther escalations - more guns turned against the people - in the near future. War comes home to be be this make my words about serendipity, about learning to live intuitively, and t by will - does it make them an idyllic irrelevance?

Idon't believe it does. And the students and street people and the older people o, who faced that terror and who did not give up , would not, I believe, think em irrelevant either - for they themselves were living serendipitously , both in e creation of the park (and its later annexes) and in their non-violent resistance destructive and repressive force. They were not frightened away. James Rector s killed and Alan Blanchard (an artist) was blinded and many people were wounded bullets and many more by the swinging clubs of the police. But every day there re more people out on the streets, unarmed and unafraid- seeds in their pockets d plants tucked under their arms ready to plant in any piece of waste ground ey reached before the Blue Meanies caught up with them. and More Beople's Parks e being wreated every day; at the very moment I'm Writing there are hundreds of ople digging and planting and watering them, and children swinging and making ndcastles, and other people dancing and making music and rapping - in the face the continuing presence of the National Guard and their bayonets and the ameda County sherriffs and their everready guns. \* And this whole movement in all s spontaneity and inventiveness is an example of that very openness to discovery at I've been calling serendipity and that Paul Goodman recently termed X'incidental arning' and that Peter Maurin years ago called making one-man revolutions.

... Yes, I believe both the events in Berkeley last month, and the attitude of nerous inventiveness, of belief in the possibility of unplanned community, that lerlies the impulsive seizing and using of a piece of waste ground to make a place the enjoyment of all, exe by no means invalidate, but rather reignforce, my clier remarks; and that there is a classer elation between them which is of the most relevance for us all. I don't mean that this one activity - the making of the out of neglected lots - is going to save the world. But the implications of at activity - its positive and life-loving nature, its desanctification of livate property, its defiance of the power-structure, its communal voluntarism - that the way to the only chance we have of remaining humanely human in a dark time neo-Fascism; and of learning to cope, while there is \$till a chance to do so, an with the terrifying ecological problems that loom so near now.

Only in freedom can the imagination develops, and only by means of the gination can compassions come into being - for compassion is a function of the

imagination. But we can't wait for someone else to create the condition of freedom for us, that we may act xxx with imagination and compassion and develops the faculty of serendipity. Each of us must start here and now to make it, in and around us, any and every way we can. The uptight pwople have the guns, the gasses, the napalm, the bombs and the prisons; and they are polluting the sea and the earth and all the creatures that walk and swim and fly therein with their atomic waste and their ddt and their oilslick - and are on the oint of polluting the moon too ... But there are more of us than of them. We still have a chance to live and thereby by our millions of one-man revolutions - to make life possible for each other and desireable for a future generation.

What collective form could such one-man revolutions add up to here at Bennington? After a day here I can see you have little to justly beef about. You are an elite. But that is precisely what you should protest. Insist that your admissions office lets in people who have never had a share of all most of you take for granted. (And don't let yourself be conned into thinking open admissions necessarily lower standards - there is plenty of everxevidence of the phenomenally rapid 'catching up' of the underprivileged student in a stimulating environment.) The argument will surely be advanced that open admissions are comomically unfeasible - but I believe that if all concerned were willing to lower their stadard of living a little, and put the money that might have gone towinds \$50 sweaters, a sportscar, a European vacation, for instance (and of course this goes for faculty too) anaxyma into a commone fund - if in fact a place like Bennington vould turn itself into a commune - then avery real possibility for eeasing to be an elite and yet not losing the very advantages you should be sharing would Demise Leverton pen up.

Let's commence.